Features

- **Single 2.7V - 3.6V Supply**
- **Fast Read Access Time – 200 ns**
- **Automatic Page Write Operation**
  - **Internal Address and Data Latches for 64 Bytes**
  - **Internal Control Timer**
- **Fast Write Cycle Times**
  - **Page Write Cycle Time: 10 ms Maximum**
  - **1- to 64-byte Page Write Operation**
- **Low Power Dissipation**
  - **15 mA Active Current**
  - **20 µA CMOS Standby Current**
- **Hardware and Software Data Protection**
- **$\overline{\text{DATA}}$ Polling for End of Write Detection**
- **High Reliability CMOS Technology**
  - **Endurance: 10,000 Cycles**
  - **Data Retention: 10 Years**
- **JEDEC Approved Byte-wide Pinout**
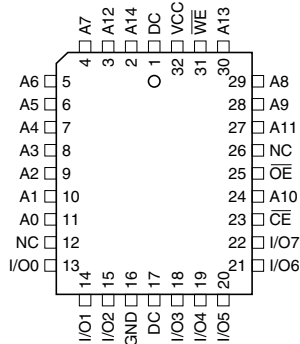- **Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges**

Description

The AT28BV256 is a high-performance Electrically Erasable and Programmable Read Only Memory. Its 256K of memory is organized as 32,768 words by 8 bits. Manufactured with Atmel's advanced nonvolatile CMOS technology, the device offers access times to 200 ns with power dissipation of just 54 mW. When the device is deselected, the CMOS standby current is less than 200 µA.
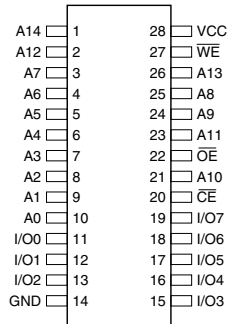
256K (32K x 8) Battery-Voltage Parallel EEPROMs

AT28BV256

Pin Configurations

Pin Name	Function
A0 - A14	Addresses
$\overline{\text{CE}}$	Chip Enable
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Output Enable
$\overline{\text{WE}}$	Write Enable
I/O0 - I/O7	Data Inputs/Outputs
NC	No Connect
DC	Don't Connect

PDIP, SOIC – Top View

Note: 1. Note: PLCC package pins 1 and 17 are DON'T CONNECT.

## PLCC – Top View

TSOP – Top View

The AT28BV256 is accessed like a Static RAM for the read or write cycle without the need for external components. The device contains a 64-byte page register to allow writing of up to 64 bytes simultaneously. During a write cycle, the addresses and 1 to 64 bytes of data are internally latched, freeing the address and data bus for other operations. Following the initiation of a write cycle, the device will automatically write the latched data using an internal control timer. The end of a write cycle can be detected by $\overline{\text{DATA}}$ polling of I/O7. Once the end of a write cycle has been detected a new access for a read or write can begin.

Atmel's AT28BV256 has additional features to ensure high quality and manufacturability. The device utilizes internal error correction for extended endurance and improved data retention characteristics. An optional software data protection mechanism is available to guard against inadvertent writes. The device also includes an extra 64 bytes of EEPROM for device identification or tracking.

Block Diagram
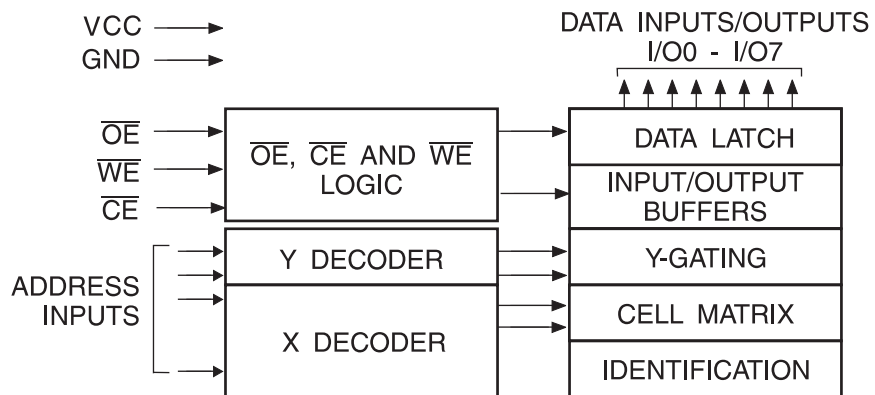
Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Temperature under Bias .... -55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature .... -65°C to +150°C
All Input Voltages (including NC Pins) with Respect to Ground ....-0.6V to +6.25V
All Output Voltages with Respect to Ground ....-0.6V to V_{CC} + 0.6V
Voltage on $\overline{\text{OE}}$ and A9 with Respect to Ground ....-0.6V to +13.5V

*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability

**Device
Operation**

READ: The AT28BV256 is accessed like a Static RAM. When $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ are low and $\overline{WE}$ is high, the data stored at the memory location determined by the address pins is asserted on the outputs. The outputs are put in the high impedance state when either $\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{OE}$ is high. This dual-line control gives designers flexibility in preventing bus contention in their system.

BYTE WRITE: A low pulse on the $\overline{WE}$ or $\overline{CE}$ input with $\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{WE}$ low (respectively) and $\overline{OE}$ high initiates a write cycle. The address is latched on the falling edge of $\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{WE}$, whichever occurs last. The data is latched by the first rising edge of $\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{WE}$. Once a byte write has been started, it will automatically time itself to completion. Once a programming operation has been initiated and for the duration of t_{WC}, a read operation will effectively be a polling operation.

PAGE WRITE: The page write operation of the AT28BV256 allows 1 to 64 bytes of data to be written into the device during a single internal programming period. A page write operation is initiated in the same manner as a byte write; the first byte written can then be followed by 1 to 63 additional bytes. Each successive byte must be written within 150 µs (t_{BLC}) of the previous byte. If the t_{BLC} limit is exceeded the AT28BV256 will cease accepting data and commence the internal programming operation. All bytes during a page write operation must reside on the same page as defined by the state of the A6 - A14 inputs. For each $\overline{WE}$ high to low transition during the page write operation, A6 - A14 must be the same.

The A0 to A5 inputs are used to specify which bytes within the page are to be written. The bytes may be loaded in any order and may be altered within the same load period. Only bytes which are specified for writing will be written; unnecessary cycling of other bytes within the page does not occur.

DATA POLLING: The AT28BV256 features $\overline{DATA}$ Polling to indicate the end of a write cycle. During a byte or page write cycle, an attempted read of the last byte written will result in the complement of the written data to be presented on I/O7. Once the write cycle has been completed, true data is valid on all outputs, and the next write cycle may begin. $\overline{DATA}$ Polling may begin at anytime during the write cycle.

TOGGLE BIT: In addition to $\overline{DATA}$ Polling, the AT28BV256 provides another method for determining the end of a write cycle. During the write operation, successive attempts to read data from the device will result in I/O6 toggling between one and zero. Once the write has completed, I/O6 will stop toggling and valid data will be read. Reading the toggle bit may begin at any time during the write cycle.

DATA PROTECTION: If precautions are not taken, inadvertent writes may occur during transitions of the host system power supply. Atmel has incorporated both hardware and software features that will protect the memory against inadvertent writes.

HARDWARE PROTECTION: Hardware features protect against inadvertent writes to the AT28BV256 in the following ways: (a) V_{CC} power-on delay – once V_{CC} has reached 1.8V (typical) the device will automatically time out 10 ms (typical) before allowing a write; (b) write inhibit – holding any one of $\overline{OE}$ low, $\overline{CE}$ high or $\overline{WE}$ high inhibits write cycles; and (c) noise filter – pulses of less than 15 ns (typical) on the $\overline{WE}$ or $\overline{CE}$ inputs will not initiate a write cycle.

SOFTWARE DATA PROTECTION: A software-controlled data protection feature has been implemented on the AT28BV256. Software data protection (SDP) helps prevent inadvertent writes from corrupting the data in the device. SDP can prevent inadvertent writes during power-up and power-down as well as any other potential periods of system instability.

The AT28BV256 can only be written using the software data protection feature. A series of three write commands to specific addresses with specific data must be presented to the device before writing in the byte or page mode. The same three write commands must begin each write operation. All software write commands must obey the page mode write timing

specifications. The data in the 3-byte command sequence is not written to the device; the address in the command sequence can be utilized just like any other location in the device.

Any attempt to write to the device without the 3-byte sequence will start the internal write timers. No data will be written to the device; however, for the duration of t_{WC}, read operations will effectively be polling operations.

DEVICE IDENTIFICATION: An extra 64 bytes of EEPROM memory are available to the user for device identification. By raising A9 to 12V ± 0.5V and using address locations 7FC0H to 7FFFH the additional bytes may be written to or read from in the same manner as the regular memory array.

DC and AC Operating Range

		AT28BV256-20	AT28BV256-25
Operating Temperature (Case)	Com.	0°C - 70°C	0°C - 70°C
	Ind.	-40°C - 85°C	-40°C - 85°C
V_{CC} Power Supply		2.7V - 3.6V	2.7V - 3.6V

Operating Modes

Mode	$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{WE}$	I/O
Read	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	D_{OUT}
Write[2]	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	D_{IN}
Standby/Write Inhibit	V_{IH}	X[1]	X	High Z
Write Inhibit	X	X	V_{IH}	
Write Inhibit	X	V_{IL}	X	
Output Disable	X	V_{IH}	X	High Z
Chip Erase	V_{IL}	V_H[3]	V_{IL}	High Z

Notes: 1. X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH}.
2. Refer to AC programming waveforms.
3. V_H = 12.0V ± 0.5V.

DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Min	Max	Units
I_{LI}	Input Load Current	V_{IN} = 0V to V_{CC} + 1V			10	µA
I_{LO}	Output Leakage Current	$V_{I/O}$ = 0V to V_{CC}			10	µA
I_{SB}	V_{CC} Standby Current CMOS	$\overline{CE}$ = V_{CC} - 0.3V to V_{CC} + 1V	Com.		20	µA
			Ind.		50	µA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} Active Current	f = 5 MHz; I_{OUT} = 0 mA			15	mA
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage				0.6	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage			2.0		V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I_{OL} = 1.6 mA			0.3	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	I_{OH} = -100 µA		2.0		V

AC Read Characteristics

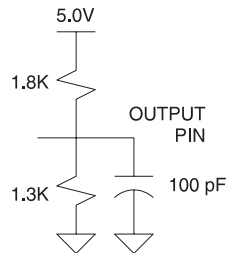| Symbol	Parameter	AT28BV256-20		AT28BV256-25		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ACC}	Address to Output Delay		200		250	ns
t_{CE}[1]	$\overline{CE}$ to Output Delay		200		250	ns
t_{OE}[2]	$\overline{OE}$ to Output Delay	0	80	0	100	ns
t_{DF}[3][4]	$\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{OE}$ to Output Float	0	55	0	60	ns
t_{OH}	Output Hold from $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CE}$ or Address, whichever occurred first	0		0		ns

AC Read Waveforms[1][2][3][4]
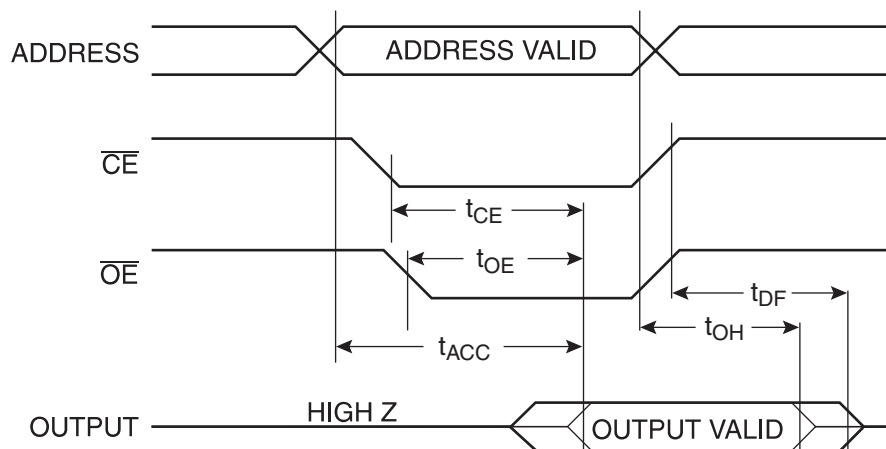
Notes: 1. $\overline{CE}$ may be delayed up to $t_{ACC} - t_{CE}$ after the address transition without impact on t_{ACC}.
2. $\overline{OE}$ may be delayed up to $t_{CE} - t_{OE}$ after the falling edge of $\overline{CE}$ without impact on t_{CE} or by $t_{ACC} - t_{OE}$ after an address change without impact on t_{ACC}.
3. t_{DF} is specified from $\overline{OE}$ or $\overline{CE}$ whichever occurs first (C_L = 5 pF).
4. This parameter is characterized and is not 100% tested.

Input Test Waveforms and Measurement Level

AC DRIVING LEVELS

2.4V

0.4V

1.5V

AC MEASUREMENT LEVEL

t_R, t_F < 20 ns

Output Test Load

5.0V

1.8K

1.3K

OUTPUT PIN

100 pF
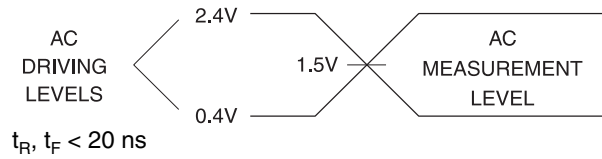
Pin Capacitance

f = 1 MHz, T = 25°C[1]

Symbol	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
C_{IN}	4	6	pF	V_{IN} = 0V
C_{OUT}	8	12	pF	V_{OUT} = 0V

Note: 1. This parameter is characterized and is not 100% tested.

AC Write Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
t_{AS}, t_{OES}	Address, $\overline{OE}$ Set-up Time	0		ns
t_{AH}	Address Hold Time	50		ns
t_{CS}	Chip Select Set-up Time	0		ns
t_{CH}	Chip Select Hold Time	0		ns
t_{WP}	Write Pulse Width ($\overline{WE}$ or $\overline{CE}$)	200		ns
t_{DS}	Data Set-up Time	50		ns
t_{DH}, t_{OEH}	Data, $\overline{OE}$ Hold Time	0		ns
t_{DV}	Time to Data Valid	NR[1]		

Note: 1. NR = No Restriction.

AC Write Waveforms

$\overline{WE}$ Controlled
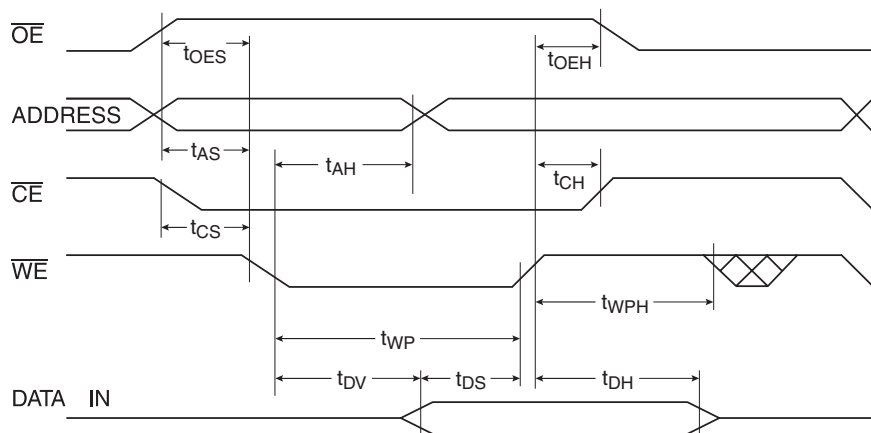
### $\overline{CE}$ Controlled
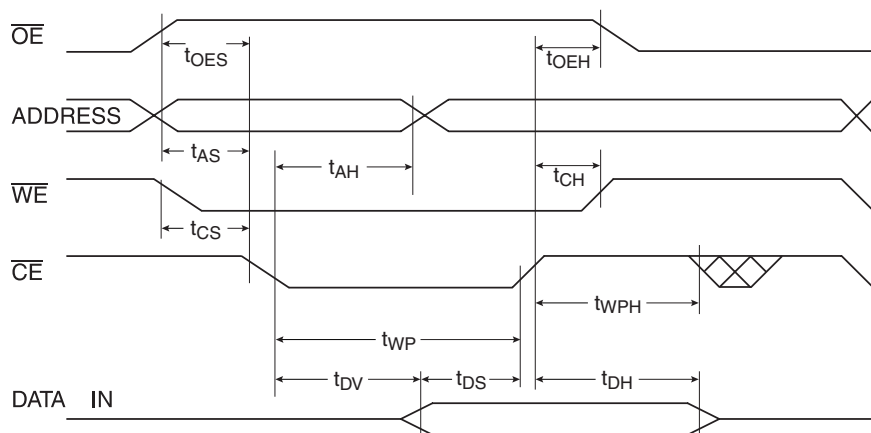
Page Mode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time		10	ms
t_{AS}	Address Set-up Time	0		ns
t_{AH}	Address Hold Time	50		ns
t_{DS}	Data Set-up Time	50		ns
t_{DH}	Data Hold Time	0		ns
t_{WP}	Write Pulse Width	200		ns
t_{BLC}	Byte Load Cycle Time		150	µs
t_{WPH}	Write Pulse Width High	100		ns

Programming Algorithm[1][2][3]


```
LOAD DATA AA
TO
ADDRESS 5555
        ↓
LOAD DATA 55
TO
ADDRESS 2AAA
        ↓
LOAD DATA A0
TO
ADDRESS 5555          WRITES ENABLED[2]
        ↓
LOAD DATA XX
TO
ANY ADDRESS[3]
        ↓
LOAD LAST BYTE
TO
LAST ADDRESS[3]       ENTER DATA
                      PROTECT STATE
```
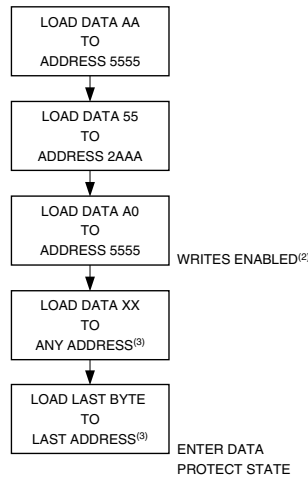
Notes: 1. Data Format: I/O7 - I/O0 (Hex); Address Format: A14 - A0 (Hex).
2. Data protect state will be re-activated at the end of program cycle.
3. 1 to 64 bytes of data are loaded.

Software Protected Program Cycle Waveforms[1][2][3]
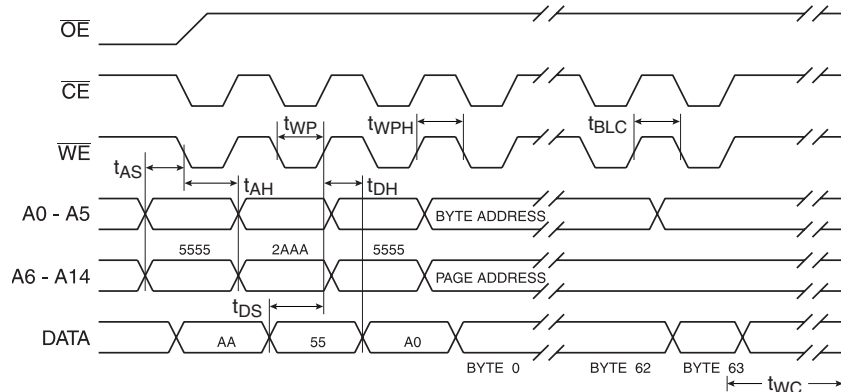
Notes: 1. A0 - A14 must conform to the addressing sequence for the first three bytes as shown above.
2. A6 through A14 must specify the same page address during each high to low transition of $\overline{WE}$ (or $\overline{CE}$) after the software code has been entered.
3. $\overline{OE}$ must be high only when $\overline{WE}$ and $\overline{CE}$ are both low.

$\overline{\text{DATA}}$ Polling Characteristics[1]

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{DH}	Data Hold Time	0			ns
t_{OEH}	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ Hold Time	0			ns
t_{OE}	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to Output Delay[2]				ns
t_{WR}	Write Recovery Time	0			ns

Notes: 1. These parameters are characterized and not 100% tested.
2. See "AC Read Characteristics" on page 5.

$\overline{\text{DATA}}$ Polling Waveforms
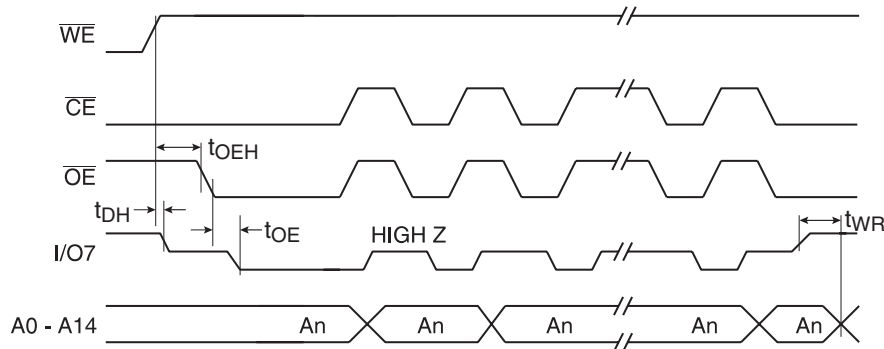
Toggle Bit Characteristics[1]

| Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{DH}	Data Hold Time	10			ns
t_{OEH}	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ Hold Time	10			ns
t_{OE}	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to Output Delay[2]				ns
t_{OEHP}	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ High Pulse	150			ns
t_{WR}	Write Recovery Time	0			ns

Notes: 1. These parameters are characterized and not 100% tested.
2. See "AC Read Characteristics" on page 5.

Toggle Bit Waveforms
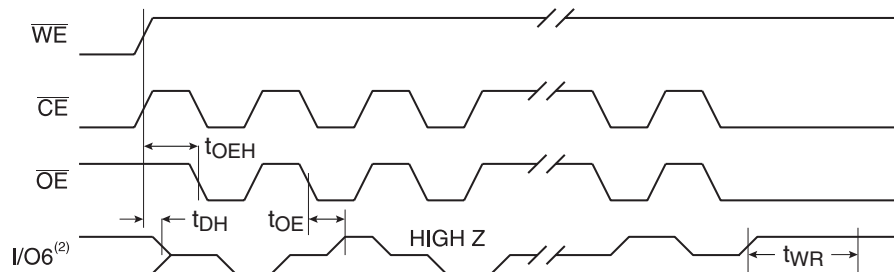
Notes: 1. Toggling either $\overline{\text{OE}}$ or $\overline{\text{CE}}$ or both $\overline{\text{OE}}$ and $\overline{\text{CE}}$ will operate toggle bit.
2. Beginning and ending state of I/O6 will vary.
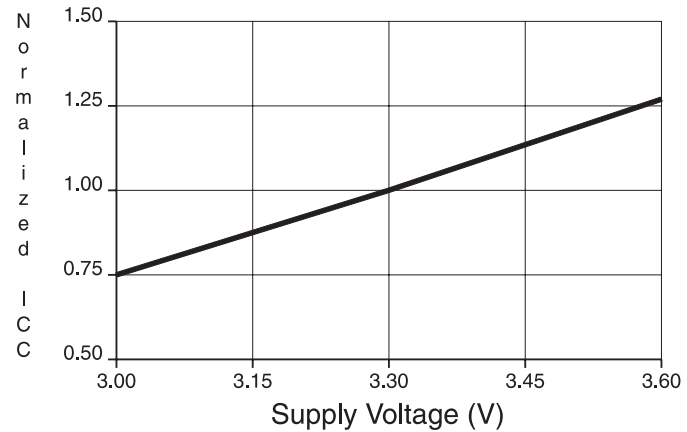3. Any address location may be used but the address should not vary.

NORMALIZED SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE
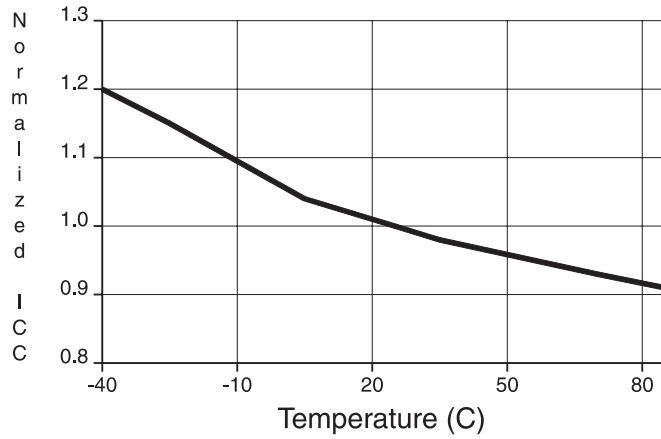
NORMALIZED SUPPLY CURRENT vs. ADDRESS FREQUENCY

Vcc = 3V
T = 25C
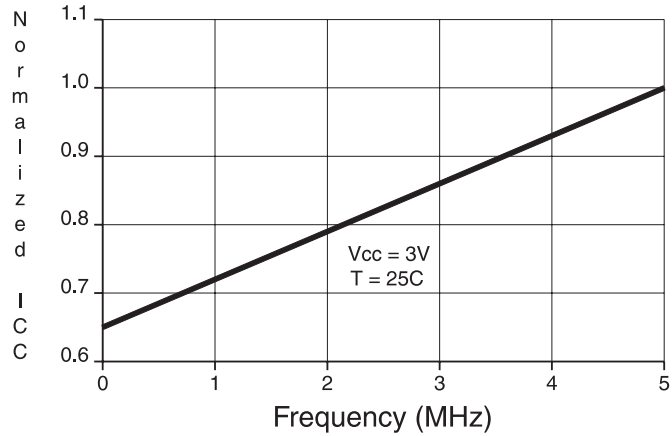
NORMALIZED SUPPLY CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

Ordering Information[1]

t_ACC (ns)	I_CC (mA)		Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
	Active	**Standby**			
200	15	0.02	AT28BV256-20JC AT28BV256-20PC AT28BV256-20SC AT28BV256-20TC	32J 28P6 28S 28T	Commercial (0° to 70°C)
	15	0.02	AT28BV256-20JI AT28BV256-20PI AT28BV256-20SI AT28BV256-20TI	32J 28P6 28S 28T	Industrial (-40° to 85°C)
	15	0.02	AT28BV256-20TU AT28BV256-20JU	32J **Green** 28T **Green**	Industrial (-40° to 85°C)
250	15	0.02	AT28BV256-25JC AT28BV256-25PC AT28BV256-20SC AT28BV256-25TC	32J 28P6 28S 28T	Commercial (0° to 70°C)
	15	0.02	AT28BV256-25JI AT28BV256-25PI AT28BV256-20SI AT28BV256-25TI	32J 28P6 28S 28T	Industrial (-40° to 85°C)

Note: 1. See Valid Part Numbers table below.

Valid Part Numbers

The following table lists standard Atmel products that can be ordered.

Device Numbers	Speed	Package and Temperature Combinations
AT28BV256	20	JC, JI, PC, PI, SC, SI, TC, TI, TU, JU
AT28BV256	25	JC, JI, PC, PI, SC, SI, TC, TI

Die Products

Reference Section: Parallel EEPROM Die Products

Package Type	
32J	32-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)
28P6	28-lead, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
28S	28-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (SOIC)
28T	28-lead, Plastic Thin Small Outline Package (TSOP)

Packaging Information

32J – PLCC

1.14(0.045) X 45˚

PIN NO. 1
IDENTIFIER

1.14(0.045) X 45˚

0.318(0.0125)
0.191(0.0075)

E1 E

B

e

D1

D

B1 E2

A2

A1

A

0.51(0.020)MAX
45˚ MAX (3X)

D2

Notes: 1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-016, Variation AE.
         2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion.
            Allowable protrusion is .010"(0.254 mm) per side. Dimension D1
            and E1 include mold mismatch and are measured at the extreme
            material condition at the upper or lower parting line.
         3. Lead coplanarity is 0.004" (0.102 mm) maximum.

COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	3.175	–	3.556	
A1	1.524	–	2.413	
A2	0.381	–	–	
D	12.319	–	12.573	
D1	11.354	–	11.506	Note 2
D2	9.906	–	10.922	
E	14.859	–	15.113	
E1	13.894	–	14.046	Note 2
E2	12.471	–	13.487	
B	0.660	–	0.813	
B1	0.330	–	0.533	
e	1.270 TYP			

10/04/01

	TITLE	DRAWING NO.	REV.
2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131	**32J**, 32-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)	32J	B

0273H–PEEPR–10/04

28P6 – PDIP
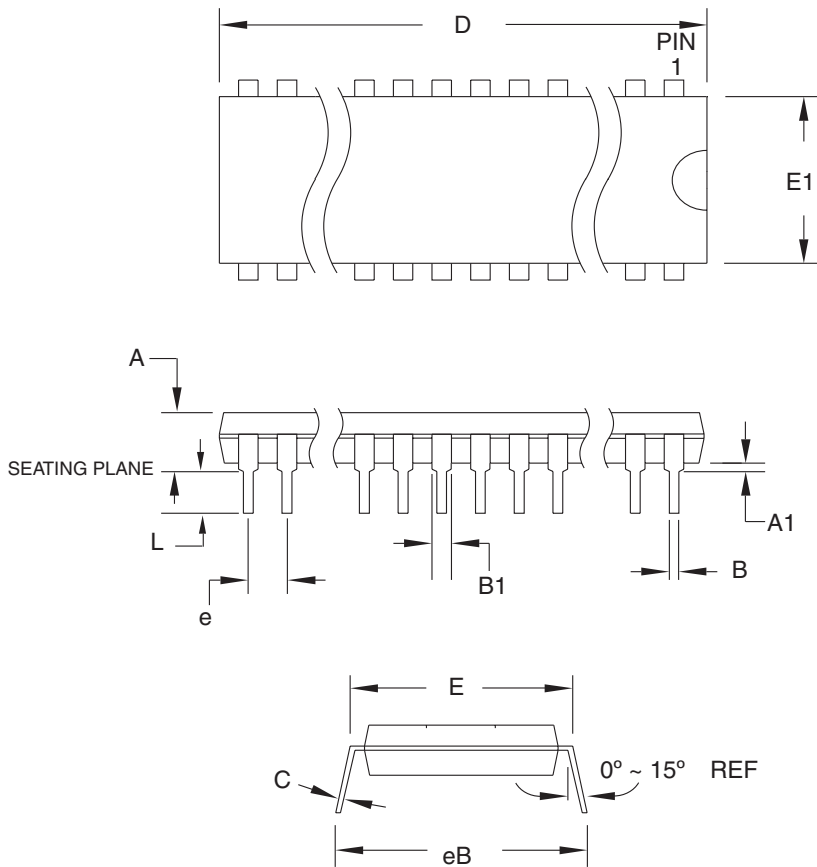
COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	–	–	4.826	
A1	0.381	–	–	
D	36.703	–	37.338	Note 2
E	15.240	–	15.875	
E1	13.462	–	13.970	Note 2
B	0.356	–	0.559	
B1	1.041	–	1.651	
L	3.048	–	3.556	
C	0.203	–	0.381	
eB	15.494	–	17.526	
e	2.540 TYP			

Notes: 1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-011, Variation AB.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold Flash or Protrusion.
Mold Flash or Protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 mm (0.010").

09/28/01

	TITLE	DRAWING NO.	REV.
AIMEL 2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131	**28P6**, 28-lead (0.600"/15.24 mm Wide) Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)	28P6	B

28S – SOIC

Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches).
Controlling dimension: Millimeters.

$\frac{0.51(0.020)}{0.33(0.013)}$

$\frac{7.60(0.2992)}{7.40(0.2914)}$ $\frac{10.65(0.419)}{10.00(0.394)}$

PIN 1 ID

PIN 1

1.27(0.50) BSC

TOP VIEW

$\frac{18.10(0.7125)}{17.70(0.6969)}$

$\frac{2.65(0.1043)}{2.35(0.0926)}$

$\frac{0.30(0.0118)}{0.10(0.0040)}$

SIDE VIEWS

0° ~ 8°

$\frac{0.32(0.0125)}{0.23(0.0091)}$

$\frac{1.27(0.050)}{0.40(0.016)}$
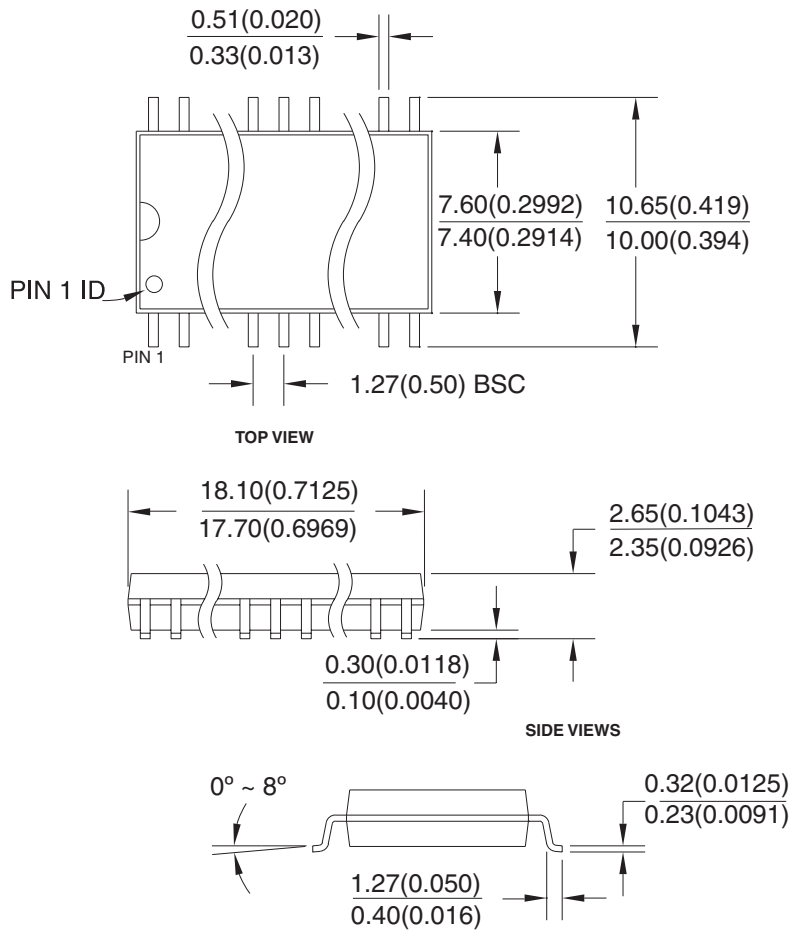
8/4/03

	TITLE	DRAWING NO.	REV.
2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131	**28S**, 28-lead, 0.300" Body, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (SOIC) JEDEC Standard MS-013	28S	B

28T – TSOP

Notes:
1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MO-183.
2. Dimensions D1 and E do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion on E is 0.15 mm per side and on D1 is 0.25 mm per side.
3. Lead coplanarity is 0.10 mm maximum.
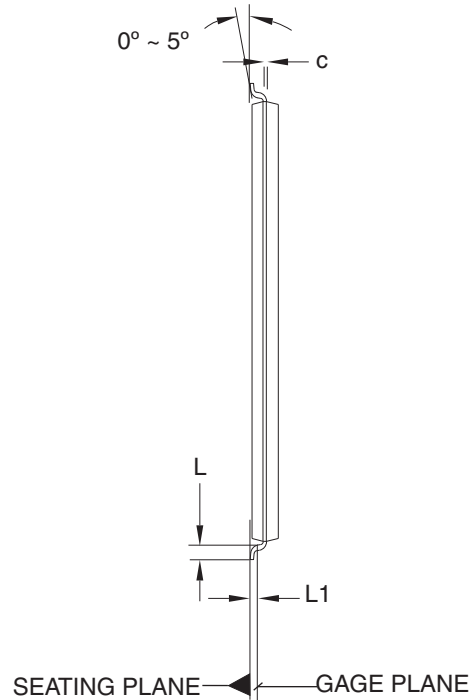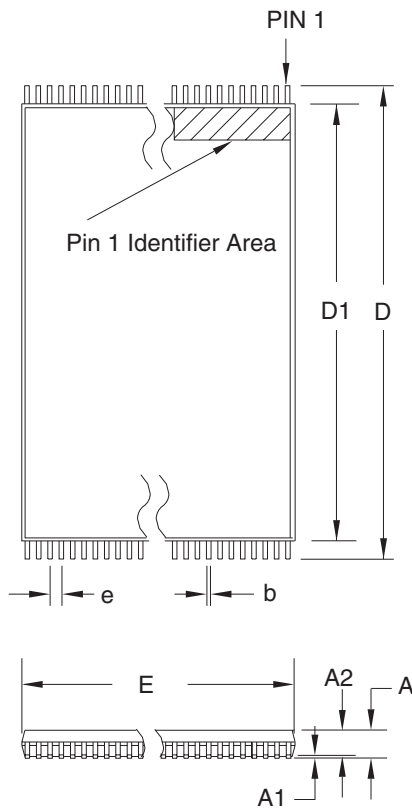
COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	–	–	1.20	
A1	0.05	–	0.15	
A2	0.90	1.00	1.05	
D	13.20	13.40	13.60	
D1	11.70	11.80	11.90	Note 2
E	7.90	8.00	8.10	Note 2
L	0.50	0.60	0.70	
L1	0.25 BASIC			
b	0.17	0.22	0.27	
c	0.10	–	0.21	
e	0.55 BASIC			

12/06/02

		TITLE	DRAWING NO.	REV.
AImEl®	2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131	**28T**, 28-lead (8 x 13.4 mm) Plastic Thin Small Outline Package, Type I (TSOP)	28T	C

Atmel Corporation

2325 Orchard Parkway
San Jose, CA 95131, USA
Tel: 1(408) 441-0311
Fax: 1(408) 487-2600

Regional Headquarters

Europe
Atmel Sarl
Route des Arsenaux 41
Case Postale 80
CH-1705 Fribourg
Switzerland
Tel: (41) 26-426-5555
Fax: (41) 26-426-5500

Asia
Room 1219
Chinachem Golden Plaza
77 Mody Road Tsimshatsui
East Kowloon
Hong Kong
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